fing; there being the two Persons that fired at the Back of the King's Equipage. About half an Hour after Eight o'Clock in the Morning, The Criminals were the Execution began. brought out one by one, each under a strong The Marchioness of Tavora was the first that was brought upon the Scassfold, where file was beheaded at one Stroke. Her Body was afterwards placed upon the Floor of the Scaffolding, and covered with a Linnen Cloth. Young Joseph Maria of Tavora, the young Marquis of Tavora, the Count of Atouguia, and three Servants of the Duke of Aveiro, were first strangled at a Stake, and afterwards their Limbs broken with an Iron Instrument; the Marquis of Tavora, General of Horse, and the Duke of Aveiro, had their Limbs broken The Duke, for greater Ignominy, was brought bare-headed to the Place of Execution. The Body and Limbs of each of the Criminals, after they were executed, were thrown upon a Wheel, and covered with a Linnen Cloth. But when Antonio Alvares Ferreira was brought to the Stake, whose Sentence was to be burnt alive, the other Bodies were exposed to his View; the combustible Matter, which had been laid under the Scaffolding, was fet on Fire, the whole Machine, with the Bodies, were confumed to Ashes, and thrown into the Sea.

A Summary of the Process and Sentence has been printed, the most remarkable Passages of

which are as follow.

That the old Marchioness of Tavora, the Duke of Aveiro, and the Jesuits, were the principal Instigators and Actors in this Conspiracy: That the Marchioness seduced her Husband, and the other Relations: That there were several Conferences held at the Jesuits Colleges called Santo Antam and St. Roque, at the Marquis of Tavora's, and at the Duke's: That the Union of these Noblemen with the Jesuits was fince the Time that the King dismissed those of that Order from the Palace: That all the Male Criminals, now executed, were in the Field on the 3d of September, in different Parties, waiting for the King: That the Duke of Aveiro was with the two Men, who shot at the King's Equipage, and was the Perfon that first presented his Piece to the Postilion, which miffed Fire: That forty Moidores were collected among these Noblemen, and given to these two Men: The Duke's Hatred to the Person of the King is set in a strong Light; and the Motives alledged in this Paper, for this wicked Project, are, the Duke's being disappointed in marrying his Son to a Sifter of the Duke of Cadaval, who is a Minor; the King having thought proper, that this Match should be put off, till the Duke of Cadaval should be married, and have an Heir. Another Motive of Difgust was, the Duke's being disappointed in a Law-Suit for some Commanderies, which . the late Duke of Aveiro possessed: The Marchionels's great Cause of Resentment was, That her Husband was not made a Duke, when he came from the East-Indies, which he had often defired, but could never obtain, because he had carried the Reward of the Service he was going upon, with him, it being always customary for the King to pass particular Grants to the Viceroy, upon his being appointed, and before he fets out upon his Voyage. The Estates of these Noblemen are all confiscated to the Crown, the Dwelling-houses to be razed to the Ground, and the Name of Tavora never to be used by any Person whatever; this Family

being the principal Branch of that Name. The Name of Mascarenhas, which was the Duke of Aveiro's, is spared, because his Family is a younger Branch of the Families of that Name.

A Reward of 10,000 Crowns is offered to whoever shall apprehend the Person of Joseph

Policarpio de Azevedo.

The Embargo was taken off the Shipping the 16th Inftant: The three English Men of War, the Merchant Ships under their Convoy, and the Hanover Packet, which failed the 31st of December, are the only Ships that have gone out of this Port, from the 13th of December to the Day the Embargo was taken off.

The King and the Royal Family affished on Monday the 15th Instant, at a Te Deum sung at the Chapel of Nossa Senhora do Livramento, in Thanksgiving for His most Faithful Majesty's happy Recovery. As this was the first Time that his Majesty had appeared abroad, great Demonstrations of Joy were shewn by the People, to whom the King was pleased to give the Satisfaction of waving his Handkerchief, first in one Hand, then in the other, to shew that he had the use of both. Te Deum for the King's Recovery has also been sung in all the Churches and Chapels throughout the Kingdom.

Their Majesties, and the Royal Family, set out Yesterday the 19th for Salvaterra, to take their usual Diversion of Shooting and Hawking.

Breflau, Jan. 21. Every Things here remains quiet. Recruits come in daily, and the Magazines in this Country, as well as those in Saxony, for the Sublistance of the Army, are already filled.

By the Accounts from General Dohna's Army, received fince the 7th Inflant, he had then gained fome Advantages over the Swedes, who were retired into Stralfund, and into the Isle of Rugen; and it was thought he would soon be Master of the Swedish Garrisons of Demmin and Anclam, as he had cut off their Communication with Stralfund.

The Ruffians remain upon the Vistula near Thorn.

Hague, Jan. 30. The Report which had been spread here of a Body of French Troops having crossed the Rhine, has ended in Nothing. They were indeed assembled to the Number of about five or fix Thousand Men, in great haste, and some of them came over the Rhine, but returned back as they came, after having made, uselessly, a forced March, at this Season of the Year, and through bad Roads.

The States of Holland will affemble To-morrow, when, by Virtue of the new Settlement, during the Minority, the Town of Amsterdam will produce the Nomination of their Magistrates to the Assembly, as they are obliged to do to the

Stadtholder for his Approbation.

There are Accounts that the Prussian Arms have succeeded against the Swedes, by the Reduction of the Garrisons of Demmin and Anclam, with upwards of 3000 Men made Prisoners of War.

Admiralty Office, February 1.

Captain Phillips, of His Majesty's Ship the Juno, arrived in Plymouth Sound, gives an Account, that having Information of a French Privateer being seen on the Coast, he went in Quest of her, and sell in with her the 25th past, in the Night, and after a slight Resistance took her. She proved to be L'Machault of Grandville, of 24 Guns upon one Deck, and 240 Men. Three Days before she had taken