## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Monday July 16. to Thursday July 19: 1688.

Whitehal, July 18.

HE following Address has been presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Clothiers of the Counties of Devon and Somerfet.

May it please your Majesty.

TE cannot but in a due sense of your Majesties great Goodness to us, tender our most humble and hearty thanks for your Gracious Hearing our miserable Complaint of the Exportation of Wooll, and of your Majesties speedy as well as effectual Redress thereof, in islaing out your Commission for that purpose, by which your Majesty hath preserved and put a new Life to Trade, which next to the great and glorious Design of Liberty of Conscience, is undoubtedly the best support of the Wealth and Grandeur of a Nation, and therefore we can now return with Joy to our respective Habitations.

And as it hath pleafed God, to our great Joy, to bless your Majesty with a Royal Prince to sway the Scepter of these Kingdoms after your Majesty. So we heartly pray God there may never want of your Princely Posterty to sit on the Throne of your Majesty; and that he may in due time inherit your Princely Virtues, as well as the Just Dominion over all your

Kingdoms.

Naples, June 15. The 7th Instant we had here another Earthquake, but all the harm it did, besides putting the People into a great fright, was the throwing down of some old Houses, which were before ready to fall. It was followed in the Evening with a very violent Wind, with Thunder, Lightning and Rain, mixed with Hail Stones of an extraordinary Bigness. The 10th we again perceived a trembling of the Earth; And on the 14th selt a more violent Shock, which threw down several Houses, so that we fear the Earthquake will continue all this Moon, as that did which happened in December 1456. Most of the Nobility are retired into the Country for their security, though the disorder has been there almost as great as in this City.

Naples, June 22. The 15 Inst. there fell an extraordinary Rain, which made the Rivers overflow, and many of those that retired into the Country because of the Earthquake have been drowned. The 16th and 17th we selt several new Shocks, which threw down a great many Houses, and most of those that yet remain standing, are so shaken that they seem ready to fall. The same Day, the 17th, we had advice that the Town of Arpaia was quite destroyed by an Earthquake, and that a Mountain near Cereteo was split asunder. The Earth has likewise opened in several places about this City, out of which did arise black Vapors and Flames like to those of Mount Vesuvius. These new Accidents do so terrifie the Inhabitants that they daily retire from hence in great numbers, insomuch that there is hardly left in this City a third part of the People that were here before we sell under this publick Calamity.

Warfaw, June 11. The King will part from hence for Ruffia towards the end of this month, though it's believed the Army will hardly be ready to march by that

time. The last Letters from Lember, brought us the ill News of the defeat of 1500 Poles, of which they give these particulars, That some Troops being detached, to go on a Party, they advanced within a mile of the place where the Tartars were encamped; and furprising their Out-Guards, cut most of them in pieces, and restored divers Christians to their Liberty. The Fartars to revenge this marched towards a Quarter of the Poles. where 22 Troops of Horse were Poued under the Command of Colonel Demideski, who having had notice of it, was in a readiness to receive them. The Tartars after a light Skirmish retired, and the Poles pursued them, but advancing too far, and with very little Order, the Enemy who had attacked them with no other defign than to draw them into an Ambush of 2000 men, which they had laid between Caminiec and Sloczom, having succeeded therein, environed them on all fides, and before they could put themselves in a posture of Desence, cut them

all off, except about 100 who escaped. After which the Tartars burnt the Town of Tremblowa and all the Neighbouring Villages, not leaving one House standing. Vienna, July 11. The Duke of Lorrain is quite freed of his Fever, and recovers visibly. The Chancellor Straetman is returned from Municipe, and the Elector of Bavaria is expected here in few Days. The Letters from Upper Hungary give an account, That the Baron de Pace, who was detached by General Caraffa with 400 Cuiraffiers and Dragoons, and 800 Hungarians, to attack the Castles of Lugos and Caramzeb, situated on the River Temes, had made himself Matter of the first. At his coming before the place, he simmoned the Garison, which was composed of 380 men, as well Turks as Valachians and Rascians, telling them, That if they deferr'd Capitulating till the arrival of General Caraffa, who followed with the rest of the Army, they must not expect any Quarter, whereupon they furrendered upon Condition to march out with their Arms and Baggage, and to be conducted with their Wives and Children to Temeswaer. After which the Baron de Pace marched to Caramzeb, but had not the same Success there, a Rascian that was among his Troops having given notice to the Turks of the small number of the Christians that were come to attack them, that they had no Cannon' with them, and that General Caraffa was marching towards Effecke; which so incouraged the Garison, who were 400 ftrong, that they answered to the Summons that was sent them, That they were resolved to desend the place to the last. However the Baron caused his Troops to advance, who lodged themselves the first night in the Ditch, and the next day had some light Skirmishes with the Enemy, but wanting Cannon, the Baron thought fit to quit the Enterprize, and to retire to rejoin General Caraffa; who marched from Lippa the 29th palt, and palled the Theoffe the 5th Instant at Segedin, from whence he continued his march towards the Danube. The last Advices from Effecke are, That General Caprara marched the 2d from Valkemar, that he arrived the 3d before Illocke, and that they had begun to raife their Batteries, and would open their

word he been been

Trenches the first Day. And that Prince Louis of Baden continued his murch with 6000 Germans to join the Militia of Croaria, and afterwards to attack Gradiska. The Bavanian Forces arrived the 3d Instant at Erdeudi, where they intended to pass the Danube. Sigeth and Canifa are very closely blocked up. We have Advice that the Turks have 20000 men in a Body at Relaxada under the Command of Cropen Bassa.

Relgrade under the Command of Yeghen Baffa.

Bruffels, July 23. The Letters we have teceived finee our last from Cologue give an account, That the great Chapter of that City proceeded on Monday last to the Election of an Archbishop; That of the 24 Canons that have Voices, 13 were for the Cardinal of Furstenberg, 9 for Prince Clement of Bavaria, one for the Prince of Neubourg, and one for the Count of Rechim; That the Cardinal pretending to be duly chosen, as having the Majority, was afterwards proclaimed Archbishop of Cologne in the Quire of the Metropolitical Church; Against which those that were for Prince Clement made a formal Profestation, alledging, That the Cardinal, as being Bishop of Strasburg, could not, without the Popes Dispensation, be chosen but by Postulation, which required two thirds of the Elections to be for him, and that it was sufficient for the Election of any other to have 9, in case the Voices were divided between two; but if they were divided among several, it was necessary that he that was postulated should have double the number that any other had; So that Prince Clement having 9 Voices, and the Cardinal but 13, he was by vertue of his Holines's Dispensarion duly Elected. And that accordingly the next Day the Election of Prince Clement was likewise proclaimed by those of his Party; And a Publick Rejoycing was made by the Envoy of Bavaria on that Occasion. It's said the Cardinal has put 5 Companies more into Bome.

has put 5 Companies more into Bonne.

Paris, July 21: On Monday laft Mr. Skelton, Envoy Extragordinary from his Majesty of Great Britain, made here a publick Rejoycing for the Birth of the Prince of Wales; There was a great firework before his House on a Theatre illuminated and adorted with Statues, Emblems, Devices and Inscriptions, which was fired with the noise of Trumpers, Kettle-Drums and Hautboys; After which he gave an Entertainment to all the Foreign Ministers, and to a great number of Persons of the first Quality, in the Castle of Montrouge, which was every where illuminated; There were 4 Tables, each for 24 Persons, served at the same time Great with Abundance and Magnissence, and the Feast check with a Great Ball which lasted till next morning. The King went the 21th to see the Troops of his Houshold, who are encamped in the Plain of Acheres. The Marques of Ampreville is made Lieutenent General of the Kings Naval Fores, in the place of the Marques of the Previlly a Humberes who dyed lately.

Paris, July 24: On Wednesday last arrived here an Express with the news that the Cardinal de Eursteinerg was the 19th

Paris, July 24: On Wednediay late anti-which at Express with the news that the Cardinal de Furstenberg was the 19th Instant chosen Arghbishop of Cologne, he having 13 Voices, and Prince Clement of Bavaria 9, and that he had accordingly been proclaimed in the Metropolitical Church, and had taken possession; But that the Election was disputed by those that appeared for Prince Clement of Bavaria. We have Letters from our Fleet before Argiers, dated the 5th Instant, which Advise, That they had shot above 2000 Bombs into the Town, which had done there a great deal of damage; But that the Day these Letters were written, a storm of Wind had obliged our Ships to quit their Station and to stand off to Sea. It's said that the Algerines have exercised great Cruckies upon the French Slaves that were in their hands. The Letters from Irally give a very lamentable account of the City of Naples, which is almost ruined and deserted by its Inhabitants.

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Hague, July 20. Yesterday the Marques a Abovylle, Envoy Extraordinary from His Majesty of Great Britain, Soleminzed the Birth of the Prince of Wales with Extraordinary Magnificence. The Day began with the distribution of Bread, Wine and Money to above 600 poor People; and after a discharge of 50 small Picces of Cannon Planted before his Door, High Mass was Celebrated, at which several Foreign Ministers were present, from whence they went to a splendid Dinner at the House of Nassau, (prepared for this occasion) where there were four Tables, each for 24 Persons, served at the same inneaud attended with the chosest Musick this Country could afford; In the streets were 4 Fountains which ran with several sorts of Wines, guarded by a Company of Foot to prevent all manner of disorder, At Night there was also prepared a Supper of no less Magnificence; and after that the sureworks began, being placed on a large Theore in the Viver, with an Illumination, which septimed and extremely delighted all the Speciators, the House, with the many Pyramids of Gildred Flambaus that were placed before h, and the multitude of lights in the Windows, Chimneys, and other multitude of lights in the Windows, Chimneys, and other

Places, seeming to be all on Fire. The whole was performed in a manner that afforded great Admiration as well as Satisfaction to all the Company, among whom, besides the ForeignMiwere divers of the States General, Officers of the Army, and other Persons of Quality of both Sexes; And it maybe very justly said. That there has not been seen a more Noble and Magnificent, as well as a better Ordered Entertainment.

Whitehal, July 14. His Majesty being Graciously pleased to bestow a Mark of His Royal Favour upon Thomas Elmes of Lilford in the County of Northampton Esq; for his many Faithful Services, did this Day Confer upon him the Honour of Knighthood.

Whitehal, July 17. This Evening about Nine of the Clock the Royal Fireworks prepared for the Celebrating the Happy Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales were prefented on the Thames over against Whitehal, before their Majesties, the Queer Dowager, their Royal Highnesses Prince George and the Princess Anne of Denmark, and the whole Court We cannot here give an account of the several Figures and Machines, with the vast number of Rock ets and other Extraordinary Fireworks that made up this Splendid Diversion, but must only say in General That they all succeeded to the great Satisfaction of their Majesties and all that saw them.

Beaupre Bell Esq; a Gentleman of about 14 years of Age, fair Complexion, marked with the small Pox, his fore Teeth standing a little out, and light coloured Hair, is hereby passionately detired by his Mother and Guardian Mrs. Dorothy Bell, (if his at his liberty) to render himself to John Fincham of Outwel in the County of Norfolk Esq; or to John Trinder Esq; at his House in Sustolk street, of which if he fail to do, she dot hereby promise to whomsoever shall inform the said John Fincham or John Trinder, in whose Custody her said Son is, so at the Detainer or Detainers of him may be prosecuted according to Law, shall have 100 l. and Charges born.

Advertisements.

Illustrissimi Principis Ducis Cornubiæ & Comiti-Palatini, &c. Genethliacon. Cambridge, Printed by John Hays and are to be fold by Edward Brewster at the Crane in St Paul Church yard, London.

Church yard, London.

Hele are to give Notice that the Mill'd Lead of any thickness and the usual breadth of three Foot and an half, and if defered above twice as long as can be cast for all uses about Buildings, Citierns. &c. is at present to be had at Mr. Dixons Shop at the Milld Lead Sign on the West side of Fleet Dirch, at Mr. Cowiey, a Tabacco Shop over gainst Lindsey, House at Westminster, at Mr. Leeches at the black Spread Eagle in Bilhops gate threet, Pewterer, at Mr. Davis his Shop a Stone-custer by Bow Bridge in Essex and at the Lead Mill at Deptsord, where able Workstein may be had to Lay or Work the same, and Solder supplied at 6 d. a Pound. Mr. Hale a Partner, the Companies Agent may be at any time sound or heard of at the Temple Coffee House by the Middle Temple, we treat with any one, to give them surther satisfactions, where the Printed Papers at large, demonstrating its Uses, Goodness and Cheanness may also be seen.

Thele are to give Notice that the Commissioners, of Bankrupt of the Bilate of George Huntley late of Newcastle, Merchant, do intend to make a Dividend amongst the Creditors of such parts of the Bilate already received, at the 18th Chamber in Guild Hall, London, upon the arch of Sept. acx; and all such Creditors as have not already, are then defired to come and prove their Debrs before the faid Commissioners, or else to be excluded the Dividend.

On the 14th Inflant out of Panton Stables at the upper end of the Hay-Marker, a Spaniel Dog milk white, with a yellow spot upon his Ramp and another betwirt his Shoulders with large yellow Ears. If any will bring him to my Lord Chamberlains Lodgings at Whitehal, thall be well rewarded.

Lodgings at whitenal, that be well rewarded.

Off or Holen the 9th or with Inflant out of the Grounds of

Mr. Tho. Rowney near S., Giles's in Oxon, a black Gelding;
about 14 hands, 10 years old, all his Paces, round harrelled, his

Mane fhorn almost to the Saddle, ashort Tail, no white about
him. Whoever gives notice of him to William Rowney Esq. in

Hatton Garden, or to Mr. Tho; Rowney at his Houle in Oxon,
shall be well rewarded.

Olt in May last a little Spaniel Dog Liver Colour and White, long Ears. Whoever will bring him to the Owner next Door to the Arch in Surry treet beat the Strand, thall have to s. acward.