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At the Court at WHITEHALL,

The 25th of June 1688.

Present the KING'S Most Excellent Majesty, and the Lords of His Majesties Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHereas by the late Act of Uniformity, which Establisheth the Liturgy of the Church of England, and Enacts, That no Form or Order of Common Prayer, be openly used, other than what is Prescribed and Appointed to be used in and by the said Book: It is notwithstanding Provided, That in all those Prayers, Litanies and Collects, which do any way relate to the King, Queen or Royal Progeny, the Names be Altered and Changed from time to time, and fitted to the present Occasion, according to the Direction of Lawful Authority. His Majesty was pleased this day in Council to Declare His Royal Will and Pleasure, That in all Prayers for the Royal Family, the Persons particularly to be Prayed for, be thus named and expressed, Our Gracious Queen Mary, Catharine the Queen Dowager, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and their Royal Highnesses Mary Princess of Orange, and the Princess Anne of Denmark, and all the Royal Family. And His Majesty doth strictly Charge and Command, That no Edition of the Book of Common Prayer be from henceforth Printed but with these Amendments, and that in the mean time, till Copies of such Edition may be had, all Parsons, Vicars and Curates within this Realm do (for the preventing of Mistakes) with the Pen Correct and Amend all such Prayers in their Church Books, according to the foregoing Directions. And for the better Notice hereof, That this Order be forthwith Printed and Published, and sent to the several Parishes, and that the Right Reverend the Bishops take care, that Obedience be paid to the same accordingly, within their respective Diocesses.

JOHN NICHOLAS.

A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R.

WHereas nothing can prove a greater dishonour to a well-ordered Government where the Christian Faith is professed, than the open and avowed practice of Vice, Prophaness and Debauchery, which amongst some men hath too much prevailed in this our Kingdom of late Years, to the high displeasure of Almighty God, the great Scandal of Christianity it self, and the ill and fatal example of our Loving Subjects, who have been soberly Educated, and especially the younger sort, whose inclinations would lead them to virtuous Courses, did they not daily find repeated instances of dissolute Living and open Prophaness, which in some Persons is grown so habitual, as if, in this our Realm, there were an allowed Custom of doing Evil; For the prevention whereof, and so the intent that Religion, Piety and good Manners may (according to Our hearty desire) flourish and increase under Our Administration and Government, We do hereby Declare Our Royal Purpose and Resolution to be, That We will exercise the greatest severity of Punishment against men of Dissolute, Debauched and Prophan Lives, of what Quality, or under what Circumstances soever they shall be. And We do expect that all

Persons of Honour, or in Place and Authority, will so far contribute to the discountenancing such men, that they being re-did to shame and contempt, may be enjoined the sooner to reform their ill habits and practices; and that the displeasure of god in us towards them, may supply what the Law hath not of themselves, or (it may be) cannot wholly prevent. And for the more effectual reforming these Persons, who are a discredit to this Our Kingdom, Our further pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Require, Charge and Command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all other our Officers and Ministers both Ecclesiastical and Civil, and other Our Subjects whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and strict in the Discovery and Prosecution of all Persons who shall be given to excessive Drinking, Debauchery, Prophan Swearing and Curfing, or any other Dissolute, Vicious and Immoral Practices, That (having first given Security for the good Behaviour) they may be further proceeded against with all Rigour and Severity, and exposed to shame in such a manner as the Law, and the just and necessary Rules of Government shall direct or permit.

Given at our Court at Whitehall the 29th Day of June, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

Whitehall, July 2: The following Address from the Corporation of Portsmouth was presented to His Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Berwick, Governor of that Town and Garrison, and was the first that was presented on the Happy Occasion of the Birth of the Prince.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble and hearty Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of Your Corporation of Portsmouth.

DEAR SIR!

Having received by an Express from his Grace the Duke of Berwick, the joyful News of Her Majesties being safely brought to Bed of a Prince: We thought it our Duties in the first place, to pay our humble and hearty Thanks to the Almighty Hand that hath bestowed this Blessing upon us, and hath Crowned the Wishes of all your good Subjects, with that Act of Grace, which they have so long and so earnestly Prayed for. In the next place, we must not, we cannot omit to Congratulate your Majesty and your Royal Consort the Queen, in this great Jubilee of the Nation, in renewing and confirming to your Sacred Majesty by all the outward marks of an inward and real Joy, our true Allegiance to your Majesty and your Royal Successors.

Permit us then, Great SIR! to make this early offering of our Fidelity to the Royal Infant in His Cradle, and to present him here with the first fruits of our Loyalty, our unfeigned Wishes for his long Life and Happiness, that he may inherit with the Crown the Great Virtues of His Royal Parents; and that when Old Age, the publick Cares and Troubles of a Crown, hath made your Majesty weary of this World, and when that Hand which gave you to us, shall take you from hence to place you in a better, this Young Prince may succeed you in your Throne, and Sway your Scepter with the same Piety, Justice and Happy Temper, your Majesty hath hitherto done (and we do not doubt but will always do.) And since by Divine Providence we have been once more taught our Duties, and Heaven seems to be inclined, by this Blessing bestowed upon us, to forgive the Nation its past Faults, we shall henceforth take more Care never to provoke that God that gave us our King and this Prince, but shall ever say and Pray, Long Live King JAMES the Second, our Gracious Queen MARY and the PRINCE. In Testimony of these our hearty Congratulations and sincere Wishes, we have caused the Seal of your Majesties Corporation above said herewith to be affixed. Dated this Twelfth Day of June, Anno Domini, 1688. And in the Fourth Year of your Majesties Reign.

Adalaga

Malaga, June 10. Don Emanuel de Spinola, who went over to Oran in the Gallies that parted from hence the 23d of the last month, returned hither in a Baganine the 8th Instant, and gives this account: That the Gallies and other Vessels arrived there the 29th past with the Succours and Volontiers, who being landed, the Gallies sailed from thence for Cartagena. That the Moors, making a very numerous Army, were encamped within a mile of the Town, upon which they had not yet made any attempt; but that their Parties often advanced very near to the place, and that during the eight days, He was at Oran, there had been divers Skirmishes between them and the Garrison. That on the 4th Instant a party of the Moors making a bravado, the Count de Sifuentes and several other Volontiers sallied out, without order, and engaged themselves so far with the Enemy, that the Governor was obliged to send out some Troops to relieve them: In which occasion, divers Persons of Quality were killed and wounded.

Vienna, June 24. The Duke of Lorraine has been let Blood in the foot, and is since much better; his Fever has left him, and the Physicians give great hopes of his speedy Recovery: The Queen Dowager of Poland, his Wife, arrived here last night from Inspruck. The overflowing of the Rivers does hinder the march of our Troops; Those that are on this side the Rhine, not being able to pass that River to join the Forces at Esbecke; which at the same time are, as it were, shut up there, by the Country's lying for several miles round under water. The Hungarians, who conducted the Garrison of Alba Regalis to Ulocke, are returned to Rabad; they report, That there is a Garrison of 600 men in that Fortress: And confirm the news we had lately from Scitovinia, that the Ottoman Troops commanded by the Vizzer of Belgrade were, in pursuance of the Orders he had received from the Port, on their march towards Segedin, to reduce Tegen Bassa, who persisted in his Revolt. They write from Upper Hungary, that General Caraffa arrived the 12th Instant at Caprona, but that his Troops were already advanced within 4 or 5 miles of Lippa, with a design to strike that place, in order to the making themselves entirely masters of the River Marosch. The same advices inform us, that the Marquis de Nigrelli, who commands in Upper Hungary, had drawn together the Hungarian Militia with which he would join two Imperial Regiments, to block up Great Waradin. The Letters from Buda tell us, that the Auxiliary Troops of Bavaria in 10 Regiments, 6 of Foot and 4 of Horse, marched from thence the 19th towards Esbecke, under the command of the Count de Serini, Lieutenant-General of His Electoral Highnesses Forces. The Report continues, that the Princes and States of Moldavia and Valachia have resolved to follow the example of Transylvania, in putting themselves under the Emperours protection; which is a certain sign, that they look upon the Affairs of the Turks (whereof they cannot but be very well informed) to be in a very ill condition. There were lately about Carestia, on the Borders of Croatia, 800 very brave Turks, who made incursions, and committed great Spoil in that Country, till all of them, after many rencounters, were cut off (as they said) to a man. The Emperour has given orders for the defraying the Duke of Mantua, and receiving him with all respect in the places through which he shall pass within the Imperial Territories in his way to Hungary, where he intends to make the Campaign. There are Letters from Poland, which give an account, that Colonel Dimideski being commanded with 2000 Horse to attack a Convoy that was going to Caminiec, he had been surpris'd in his Quarters by several thousand Turks and Tartars, and that of the whole Party there escaped but 60, the rest being killed or taken Prisoners.

Cologne, June 28. The Cardinal of Furstemberg, who went the 24th Instant to Bress, returned hither this day. The Bishop of Brisian is expected here, with his Brother Prince Louis of Neuburg, great Master of the Teutonic Order, against the time of the Election. The Levies that were begun by our late Elector, are continued, to reinforce the Garrisons belonging to this Electorate.

Brussels, July 6. Our Governor General parted from hence this day for Mons; to visit that Garrison, as well as to thank the States for the late Subsidies they have granted. We are told from Lage, that the Cardinal de Buisson was expected there, to employ his interest at the approaching Election on the behalf of the Cardinal of Furstemberg.

Paris, July 7. The King is gone to Marli, where his

Majesty will stay till the end of this week. The Troops of the King's Household are ordered to encamp the 20th Instant in the Plain of Acheres. The Envoy of Genoua has at last had his Audience of Leave.

Deal, July 2. Yesterday being appointed for a publick Thanksgiving for the Birth of the Prince, all His Majesty's Ships in the Downs and the Three Castles discharged all their Cannon several times with volleys of small Shot. The Towns People had made a Platform of 11 great Guns, which they discharged as often with continual Huzzas and ringing of Bells, the day ending with Bonfires; and Fireworks from the Ships; and with great Rejoycings.

Whitehall, July 3. The Count de Grammont Envoy Extraordinary from the Most Christian King, and the Chevalier de Lespouet, who is sent by the Duke of Orleans, to congratulate with Their Majesties upon the Birth of the Prince of Wales, had yesterday Audience of the King, and this day of the Queen, being conducted by Sir Charles Cottrell, Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, July 4. Sunday last, being the day of Publick Thanksgiving for the happy Birth of the Prince of Wales, was every where observed (as we have an account from all parts of the Kingdom, as far as the Post can yet bring it) with great Solemnity, which concluded with Bonfires, Ringing of Bells, and all other Demonstrations of an Universal Joy.

Advertisements.

THE Yorkshire Feast will be held on Tuesday the 10th of July at Merchant Taylors Hall, and there will be a Sermon at Bow Church for the Society that morning. Tickets are distributed at Mans Coffee House near Charing Cross, at Cliffords Inn Coffee house in Fleet Street, at Jo's Coffee house in Swithins Alley near the Royal Exchange, and at the Blew Coat Coffee house. It is desired for the Honour of the Country that there may be a full Appearance of the Gentlemen of the County.

THE History of the Rise and Progress of the Civil Wars in England, from the Year 1625 to 1660. Written in Latin in 3 Parts; the two first by Dr. George Bates, Principal Physician to King Charles I. and King Charles II. the third Part with a Continuation to the Year 1679, by Tho Skinner, M.D. Made English. To which is added a Preface and several Original Papers, by a Person of Quality. The second Edition. Printed for A. Swalle at the Unicorn in St. Pauls Church yard, and are to be sold by S. Eddowes in the Piazza under the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

A Compendium of the several Branches of Practice in the Court of Exchequer, at Westminster. viz. 1. His Majesties Revenue. 2. Proceedings by English Bill. 3. Actions at Law brought in the Office of Pleas. With Commissions, Injunctions and other Process and Pleadings relating thereunto. Sold by Hen. Mortlock at the Phenix in St. Pauls Church yard, and at the White Hart in Westminster Hall.

A New History of China, Containing a Description of the most Considerable Particulars of that vast Empire. Written by Gabriel Magaillans of the Society of Jesus, Missionary Apostolic. Done out of French. Sold by Tho. Newborough at the Golden Ball in St. Pauls Church yard.

THE Annual Feast of the Military Company Exercising in St. Clements Ground, will be kept on Thursday the 12th of this Instant July. Tickets may be had at the Old Pairs Head at the Middle Row in Holbourn, at Mr. Pages in Witch Street, at Mr. Laws at the Articoak in Princels Street, and at Mr. Humphreys at the Prince of Orange his Head in Hatton Garden.

These are to give Notice to all Persons, That the Fire that happened July 1. 1688. about one of the Clock in the Morning upon Tunbridge Walks, is no damage to any of the Lodgings, only a few Shops burnt.

Lost or stolen the 24th of June last out of the Grounds of Mr. Whinyates near Peterborough in Northamptonshire, a dusky black Mare, 15 hands, a Star in the Forehead, and a fresh brand P on her Shoulder. Whoever gives notice of her to Mr. Whinyates aforesaid, at his House at Peterborough, or to Mr. Pool, Stationer, at Clements inn Gate, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Lost out of a Stable in Duke Street near St. James's, a Strawberry Mare with a Thorn Mare hawk Nose, much white in her face, with a green Sore on her Brisket, about 13 hands, long eared, 6 years old this Spring, supposed to be taken by a middle sized black man with his own Hair, or else an old brown Periwig with blue Breeches. Whoever secures them, and gives notice to Mr. Tho. Walters a Cook at the Cock in St. Albans Street shall have 20 s.