

in Dublin respectively, wherein no Effoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall find on Board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publickly sold to the best Bidder; and one Moiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on Board his Vessel, he shall for every such Offence forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty:

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

Custom-House, London, January 14, 1782.

F O R S A L E.

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, (in Pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of His present Majesty) on Tuesday the 22d, Wednesday the 23d, and Thursday the 24th, of January, 1782, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoons of the said Days, will be put up to Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-House, London, the following Goods, which are allotted in small Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the several Dealers, as well as private Persons, who chuse to become Purchasers.

For Home-Consumption.

Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Green and Bohea Tea, Raw and Roasted Coffee, Purple and King's Wood, Chrystal, Wooden Clocks, Prepared Medicines, Snuff, and Refused Wines.

Also such Goods as have remained in His Majesty's Warehouse upwards of Six Months, not cleared or the Duties paid, viz. Pictures, Hardware, Thread Bone Lace, Skins, Glass, Wine in Casks and Bottles, and jundry other Sorts of Goods as mentioned in the Catalogues;

Clear of all Duties.

The Purple and King's Wood to be viewed at the Tobacco Ground, near the Wet Dock, Rotherhithe, and all the other Goods at the King's Warehouse, Custom-House, London, on Saturday the 19th and Monday the 21st of January, 1782, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; where Catalogues will be delivered.

General Post-Office, January 8, 1782.

FROM Variety of Circumstances, there is the strongest Reason to believe, that one George Weston, and Joseph Weston his Brother, were concerned in the Robbery of the Bristol Mail near Cranford-bridge, on the 29th of January, 1781, for the apprehending of the Person who committed the same, a Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS was offered, by Advertisement from hence in the London Gazette of Saturday the 10th of February last, and in several

succeeding Gazettes, to be paid out of this Revenue upon Conviction.

The said George Weston and Joseph Weston are two of the Sons of one George Weston, now deceased, who was born in the Parish of Stone, in Staffordshire, and all resided in that County, and in the Parish of Allchurch in Worcestershire, until the Year 1773 or 1774, when they quitted that Country.

The latter End of 1774, they resided on a Farm near Lynn, by the Names of Stone; having defrauded several Persons there, they decamped in the Spring following.

In 1775, they resided upon a Farm in the Parish of Blackburn, in Scotland, by the Names of Gilbert; and, having conducted themselves there in the same Manner as at Lynn, they speedily left that Country.

The Beginning of the Year 1776, they resided for a short Time at Brough, in Lincolnshire, on the Banks of the Humber, where they acted a similar Part.

In the Spring of 1776, they rented an Estate near Beckenham, in Kent, in the Names of Green, and soon quitted it on the same Account.

In the Summer of 1776, they resided at Braithay, in Lancashire, near Windermere Lake, where they assumed the Names of Gilbert; from thence they absconded in October 1776, were pursued and apprehended at Bishops Cattle in Shropshire, and taken before Mr. Alderman Hewitt at Coventry.

In 1777, they resided upon a Farm of Lord Aldborough's in Ireland, and, during their short Stay in that Kingdom, put off several forged Drafts.

In the Spring of 1778, the two Sons (George taking the Name of Scott, and Joseph taking the Name of James Watson) were at Tenby, in Pembrokeshire, on a Tour of Pleasure, where they negotiated a forged Draft; from thence they went by sea to Biddeford in Devonshire.

In August, 1778, they were in the Neighbourhood of Brecknock, Grouse-shooting, where they went by the Names of James Clark and ——— Smith, and put off a forged Draft at Brecknock: Also, in that Year Joseph put off a forged Draft near Sutton Coldfield, in Warwickshire, taking the Name of Joseph Hart.

The two Westons are supposed to be well known either by some of the before-mentioned Names, or the Names of Smith, Walker, Hill, and West, in almost every Part of this Kingdom, except the West of England, and to be connected with an Attorney of notorious Character in Worcestershire, and his Confederates.

Immediately after committing the Robbery of the Mail, George Weston set out in a Post-Chaise and Four from London, (or the Neighbourhood) through Leicestershire, Nottinghamshire, Derbyshire, Yorkshire, and Northumberland, to Newcastle, from thence to Carlisle, and from that City by the Great North Road to London, putting off Bills and Notes at various Places in his Route; and one or both of them are supposed to have been last Summer at a Fair at Mortham, near Rotherham, and at Launceston, at each of which Places a Bill taken out of this Mail was negotiated by them.

Within the two last Months they have put off several Notes and Bills at Lottery-Offices in London, and George by himself has, within that Time, put off one at Richmond in Surry, and another at Hackney, assuming the Name of John Ward.

George Weston is about 29 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, square set, round faced, fresh coloured, pitted with the Small Pox, has a short thick Nose, his upper Lip rather thick, his Hair of a lightish-brown Colour, which is sometimes tied behind, at other Times loose and curled; has much the Appearance of a Country Dealer, or a Farmer; one of his Thumb Nails appears, from an Accident, of the Shape of a Parrot's Bill, and he is supposed to have a Scar upon his Right Hand from a Stroke with a Cutlafs.

Joseph