



The Belfast Gazette

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1922.

Belfast, 14th December, 1921.

This day the Senate of Northern Ireland having met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them that His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant and General Governor of Ireland had been pleased, in the name of and on behalf of His Majesty the King, to give his assent to the following Acts, agreed upon by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland, viz. :—

Local Government (Emergency Powers) Act, 1921.

Ministries of Northern Ireland Act, 1921.

Speaker of the Senate Act, 1921.

Speaker of the House of Commons Act, 1921.

Salaries of Ministerial Offices Act, 1921.

Appropriation Act, 1921.

NOTICE.

NATIONAL DEBT AND LOCAL LOANS ACT, 1887.
(50 and 51 Vict., c. 16).

The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury give notice that, pursuant to Section 13 (5) of the National Debt and Local Loans Act, 1887, They have directed the creation of £5,950,000 Local Loans Three per cent. Stock, which Stock has been issued to the National Debt Commissioners.

DUBLIN CASTLE,

3rd January, 1922.

THE Lords Justices have been pleased by Warrants bearing date the 22nd day of December, 1921, to re-appoint The Right Honourable Laurence Ambrose Waldron and Lucius O'Callaghan, Esquire, F.R.I.A.I., to be for a further term of five years Governors and Guardians of the National Gallery of Ireland.

Privy Council Office,

30th December, 1921.

GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND ACT, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that, after the expiration of 40 days from the date hereof, it is proposed to submit to His Majesty in Council the drafts of the following Orders in Council under section 69 of the above Act, viz. :—(1) Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Enactments) (No. 3) Order, 1921; (2) Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Unemployment Insurance Acts) Order, 1921; (3) Government of Ireland (Companies, Societies, &c.) Order, 1921.

Notice is hereby further given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, copies of the aforesaid Orders in Council can be obtained by any public body within 40 days of the date of this Notice at the Privy Council Office, Whitehall.

WAR PENSIONS ACT, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given under the Rules Publication Act, 1893, that the Minister of

Pensions proposes, after the expiration of at least 40 days from this date, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon him by section 4 of the War Pensions Act, 1921, to make, with the approval of the Treasury, Regulations providing for the making of Final Awards.

Copies of the draft Regulations can be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from H.M. Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2.

Dated this Third day of January, 1922.

Board of Trade,

Great George Street,

London, S.W. 1.

CENSUS OF PRODUCTION.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF TRADE DATED 29TH DECEMBER, 1921, DETERMINING THAT A CENSUS OF PRODUCTION SHALL BE TAKEN IN THE YEAR 1923.

WHEREAS by section 1, sub-section (2) of the Census of Production Act, 1917, it is provided that a Census shall be taken in any year which is fixed for the purpose by an Order made by the Board of Trade and laid before Parliament: Provided that there is at least a year's interval between the date on which the Order is made by the Board of Trade and the commencement of the year in which the Census is to be taken.

Now, therefore, the Board of Trade, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by the said section 1, sub-section (2) of the Census of Production Act, 1917, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, hereby make the following Order:—

1. A Census of Production shall be taken in the year 1923 in respect of the production of the year 1922.

2. For the purposes of section 6 of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, this Order shall be deemed to have been made before the appointed day.

3. This Order may be cited as the Census of Production (1923) Order, 1921.

Dated the 29th day of December, 1921.

H. A. Payne,

A Secretary of the Board of Trade.

NOTICE.

REGULATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGES.

LOAN OF SECURITIES TO THE TREASURY (SCHEME B.)

The National Debt Commissioners hereby give notice that the Treasury have decided to exercise the option, under Clause 3 of Scheme B., of returning the following securities, viz.:

Argentine Government 5 per cent. Loan, 1884.

Argentine Government 4 per cent. Bonds, 1897.

Argentine Government 4 per cent. Bonds, 1900 (Law 3378).

Argentine Government 4 per cent. Bonds, 1900 (Laws 3378 & 3783).

Argentine Government 4½ per cent. Sterling Conversion Loan, 1888-9.

Argentine Government Port of Buenos Ayres 5 per cent. Debentures.

Chilian Government 4½ per cent. Loan, 1895.

Chilian Government 4½ per cent. Loan, 1906.

on the 31st March, 1922, from which date the additional allowance will cease.

T. L. Heath,

Comptroller-General.

National Debt Office,

30th December, 1921.

NOTICE.

REGULATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGES.

LOAN OF SECURITIES TO THE TREASURY (SCHEME B).

The National Debt Commissioners hereby give Notice that the Treasury have decided to exercise the option, under Clause 3 of Scheme B, of returning

Eastman Kodak Company Common Shares

as on the 31st March, 1922, from which date the additional allowance will cease.

The Treasury Register will close one calendar month before the date specified, and no further transfers can then be accepted.

T. L. Heath,

Comptroller-General.

National Debt Office,

30th December, 1921.

TENDERS FOR LOANS ON TREASURY BILLS.

1. The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that Tenders will be received at the Chief Cashier's Office at the Bank of England on Friday, the 6th January, 1922, at 1 o'clock, for Treasury Bills to be issued under the Treasury Bills Act, 1877; the National Debt Act, 1889; and the War Loan Acts, 1914 to 1919, to the amount of £60,000,000.

2. The Bills will be in amounts of £5,000 or £10,000. They will be dated at the option of the Tenderer on any date from Monday, the 9th January, to Saturday, the 14th January, inclusive, and will be payable at three months after date.

3. The Bills will be issued and paid at the Bank of England.

4. Each Tender must be for an amount not less than £50,000, and must specify the date on which the Bills required are to be dated, and the net amount per cent. (being an even multiple of one penny) which will be given for the amount applied for. Separate Tenders must be lodged for Bills of different dates.

5. Tenders must be made through a London Banker, Discount House or Broker.

6. The persons whose Tenders are accepted will be informed of the same not later than the following day, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted Tenders must be made to the Bank of England by means of Cash or a Banker's Draft on the Bank of England not later than two o'clock (Saturday twelve o'clock) on the day on which the relative Bills are dated.

7. In virtue of the provisions of Section 26 of the Finance Act, 1915, Members of the House of Commons are not precluded from tendering for these Bills.

8. The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury reserve the right of rejecting any Tenders.

Treasury Chambers,
30th December, 1921.

Dublin Castle,
4th January, 1922.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned Gentlemen to the office of High Sheriff of the following Counties in Northern Ireland:

Antrim County—

Charles Lewis MacKean, Esq., J.P.,
Loughanmore,
Dunadry,
Co. Antrim.

Armagh County—

Thomas Bowen Johnston, Esq.,
Demesne House,
Lurgan.

Down County—

Captain Richard Blakiston-Houston, D.L.,
J.P.,
Roddens, Ballywalter,
Co. Down.

Fermanagh County—

The Honourable Cecil Lowry-Corry,
Castle Coole,
Enniskillen.

Londonderry County—

Alexander Wallis Clark, Esq., D.L., J.P.,
Ampertain,
Upperlands,
Co. Londonderry.

Tyrone County—

Lieutenant-Colonel William Arbuthnot
Lenox-Conyngham, D.L.,
Spring Hill,
Money more,
Co. Londonderry.

Ministry of Agriculture, Northern Ireland.

3rd January, 1922.

The Minister of Agriculture, Northern Ireland, has been pleased to approve of the following appointments:—

Mr. James S. Gordon, B.Sc., O.B.E., to be
Permanent Secretary.

Mr. James Vincent Coyle, B.L., to be
Assistant Secretary.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the
22nd day of *December*, 1921.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by section sixty-nine of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, His Majesty is empowered by Order in Council to make such regulations as seem necessary or proper for setting in motion the Parliaments and Governments of Southern and Northern Ireland, and also for any other matter for which it seems to His Majesty necessary or proper to make provision for the purpose of bringing the said Act into full operation or for giving full effect to any of the provisions of the said Act, and in particular His Majesty is empowered amongst other things, by any such Order in Council—

(1) To make such adaptations of any enactments so far as they relate to Ireland as may appear to Him necessary or proper in order to give effect to the provisions of the said Act; and also to make any adaptations of any enactments so far as they relate to England or Scotland as may appear to Him necessary or proper as a consequence of any change effected by the provisions of the said Act;

(2) To make such adaptation of any enactments as appear to Him necessary or proper with respect to the execution of reserved services and services with respect to which the Parliaments of Southern Ireland and Northern Ireland have not power to make laws, and, in particular, to provide for the exercise and performance of any powers or duties in connection with those services by any department of the Government of the United Kingdom or officer of that Government where any such powers or duties are under any existing Act or by the common law to be exercised or performed by any department or officer in Ireland who will cease to exist as a department or officer of the Government of the United Kingdom;

(3) To make provision with respect to the transfer and apportionment of any property, assets, rights and liabilities in connection with Irish services:

And whereas for the purposes of the provisions of the said Act relating to the transfer of services, the first day of December, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, has been fixed as the appointed day as respects Northern Ireland in relation to Irish services in connection with the matters dealt with in Part II of this Order, and the first day of January, nineteen hundred and twenty-two, has been fixed as the appointed day as respects Northern Ireland in relation to Irish services in connection with the matters dealt with by the other Parts of this Order, but no day has yet been fixed for the purposes aforesaid as respects Southern Ireland:

And whereas it is necessary on account of the urgency of the matters dealt with by this Order that this Order should come into operation forthwith:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

PART I.

GENERAL.

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Enactments (No. 3) Order, 1921, and shall come into operation provisionally as from the date hereof in accordance with the provisions of section two of the Rules Publication Act, 1893.

(2) In this Order the expression "appointed day" means, with respect to the enactments mentioned in Part II of this Order, the first day of December, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, and, with respect to the enactments mentioned in Parts III to VIII of this Order, the first day of January, nineteen hundred and twenty-two.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889 applies to the interpretation of this Order in like manner as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2.—(1) The enactments to which the several Parts of this Order hereinafter contained apply shall

(a) in the case of the enactments mentioned in Part IX of this Order as from the date of this Order; and

(b) in the case of the enactments mentioned in the other Parts of this Order, as from the appointed day.

have effect subject to the modifications and adaptations set out in this Order, save where inconsistent with the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, or the provisions of any subsequent Order in Council under that Act, and subject as respects matters within the powers of the Parliament of Northern Ireland to repeal or alteration by Acts of that Parliament.

(2) Subject to the express adaptations and modifications made by this Order the General Adaptation of Enactments (Northern Ireland) Order, 1921, and any other Order made under the said Act containing adaptations of general application shall, if and so far as they are applicable to the enactments adapted by this Order, apply thereto in like manner as to other enactments.

(3) The adaptations and modifications made by this Order shall apply to any order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument made or issued under any of the enactments so adapted or modified and in force immediately before the appointed day or the date of this Order, as the case may be, in like manner as they apply to the enactment under which it was made or issued, and any such order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument shall continue in force in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if it had been made or issued under the said enactment as so adapted and modified.

PART II.

HOME OFFICE ACTS.

3. This Part of this Order applies to the enactments hereinafter mentioned in that Part being enactments heretofore administered by the Secretary of State;

Provided that, if and so far as any of the provisions of the said enactments relate to matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has not power to make

laws, the modifications and adaptations affected by this Part of this Order shall not apply to those provisions.

4.—(1) In the Explosives Act, 1875, references to the United Kingdom shall, in the application of that Act to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to Northern Ireland, and in the application of that Act to the rest of the United Kingdom, be construed as references to the United Kingdom exclusive of Northern Ireland.

(2) In the Explosives Act, 1875, in its application to Northern Ireland—

(a) References to His Majesty and Orders in Council, except where they occur in subsection (2) of section ninety of, and paragraph (6) of Part II of the First Schedule to, that Act, shall be construed as references to the Lord Lieutenant and to Orders of the Lord Lieutenant in Council respectively;

(b) References to the London Gazette shall be construed as references to the Belfast Gazette.

PART III.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACTS.

5.—(1) This Part of this Order applies to the Weights and Measures Acts, 1878 to 1919 (in this Part of this Order referred to as "the Acts").

(2) In this Part of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires—

The expression "the Ministry" means the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland:

The expression "the Act of 1878" means the Weights and Measures Act, 1878:

References to weights and measures shall be construed as including references to weighing machines weighing instruments, and measuring instruments.

6. The Acts in their application to Northern Ireland shall have effect subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) Except where the context otherwise requires, references to the Board of Trade shall be construed as references to the Ministry, and references to the Treasury shall be construed as references to the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland:

(b) The references to the commencement of the Act of 1878 in section nine of that Act shall be construed as references to the appointed day:

(c) The references in sections thirty-nine and sixty-three respectively of the Act of 1878, to the London Gazette and the London, Edinburgh and Dublin Gazettes shall be construed as references to the Belfast Gazette:

(d) References to Orders made or to be made, and to approval given or to be given, by His Majesty in Council shall be construed as references to orders made or to be made, and to approval given or to be given, by the Lord Lieutenant in Council.

7. Unless the context otherwise requires, references to Ireland shall, in the application to the Acts to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to Northern Ireland, and, in the application of the Acts to Southern Ireland, be construed as references to Southern Ireland.

8. The following provisions shall have effect with respect to primary and secondary

standards of measure and weight for the purposes of the Acts in Northern Ireland:—

(1) If the Ministry by order so direct, there shall be primary standards of measure and weight for Northern Ireland for determining the imperial standard yard and the imperial standard pound respectively, and for the purpose of providing such primary standards for Northern Ireland the Ministry shall cause accurate copies to be made of the Imperial standard of weight and the Imperial standard of measure of the same form and material as the Imperial standards, and the copies so made shall, when approved by the Lord Lieutenant in Council, be the primary standards for Northern Ireland.

Provision may be made by order under this paragraph for applying in relation to the primary standards for Northern Ireland any of the provisions of the Acts relating to the Parliamentary copies of the Imperial Standards.

(2) The Ministry shall, as soon as may be after the appointed day and thereafter from time to time, cause to be provided and verified such secondary standards of measure and weight (being standards of such denominations as the Board of Trade have power to cause to be made under section eight of the Act of 1878 as amended and extended by any other enactment contained in the Acts), as appear to the Ministry to be required for the purposes of the Acts in Northern Ireland.

(3) If at the date of verification primary standards have been provided for Northern Ireland, the Ministry may, if they think fit, by order direct that the secondary standards made under the foregoing paragraph shall be duly verified by comparison with those standards.

(4) If at the date of verification no order has been made by the Ministry under the last preceding paragraph, the Ministry shall cause the secondary standards made as aforesaid to be duly verified by comparison with the Board of Trade standards, and the Board shall from time to time, on being so required by the Ministry and at their expense, verify any standards submitted to the Board by the Ministry for verification:

Provided that, if the Ministry so think fit, any of the secondary standards aforesaid, other than the standards for determining the imperial standard yard and the imperial standard pound respectively, may be verified by comparison with those other standards and with each other instead of by comparison with the Board of Trade standards.

(5) The secondary standards provided and verified under the foregoing provision shall, when approved by the Lord Lieutenant in Council, be the secondary standards for Northern Ireland, and shall be called the Northern Ireland secondary standards, and references in the Acts to the Board of Trade standards shall, in the application of the Acts to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to the Northern Ireland secondary standards.

(6) The Northern Ireland secondary standards, and the Northern Ireland primary standards (if any), shall be in the custody of the Ministry.

9.—(1) All local standards of measure and weight (including local sub-standards and working standards) provided and verified, and

all weights and measures verified and stamped, under the Acts before the appointed day shall, for the purposes of those Acts in their application to Northern Ireland, be deemed to have been provided and verified, or verified and stamped, as the case may be, under those Acts as applying to Northern Ireland and as adapted by this Part of this Order, and all indentures, accounts, statements and other documents relating to the verification or re-verification of any standards in Northern Ireland shall be deemed to have been made, issued, signed and kept under the said enactments as so applying and adapted as aforesaid.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in the Acts the Ministry may by order direct that the time within which local standards are required to be re-verified shall be extended to such date, not being later than four weeks after the date on which secondary standards for Northern Ireland are first approved by the Lord Lieutenant in Council, as the Ministry may think fit.

10.—(1) If and so long as there are no primary standards for Northern Ireland, section thirty-six of the Act of 1878 shall not apply to Northern Ireland and in lieu thereof the following provision shall have effect in relation to Northern Ireland:—

“Once at least in every five years the Ministry shall cause the Northern Ireland secondary standards for determining the imperial standard yard and the imperial standard pound respectively to be compared with the corresponding Board of Trade standards, and the other Northern Ireland secondary standards to be compared with either the first-mentioned secondary standards or the Board of Trade standards and with each other, and shall, so far as is necessary, in any case cause the Northern Ireland secondary standards to be adjusted or renewed, and the Board of Trade shall, on being so required by the Ministry and at the expense of the Ministry, do all things necessary for enabling the Ministry to give effect to the requirements of the foregoing provision.”

(2) If and when primary standards are provided for Northern Ireland the Ministry may, if they think fit, by order direct that as from such date as may be specified in the order the foregoing provisions of this Article shall cease to have effect, and if any such order is made the said section thirty-six shall as from the date specified in the order apply to Northern Ireland with the substitution of the primary standards for Northern Ireland for the Parliamentary copies of the imperial standards.

11. References to the United Kingdom in sections nineteen and forty-five of the Act of 1878 shall, in the application of those sections to the United Kingdom exclusive of Northern Ireland, be construed as references to that part of the United Kingdom and, in the application of those sections to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to Northern Ireland.

12.—(1) If the Royal Irish Constabulary is disbanded or otherwise ceases to exist in Northern Ireland, or if the Ministry for any other reason think it desirable to make an order under this Article, the Ministry may, after consultation with the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, by order direct that the functions in connection with the verification and inspection of weights and measures which under the Acts are to be performed by members of the Royal Irish Constabulary shall be

performed by the prescribed officers, or by persons selected in the prescribed manner from among the prescribed class of officers, and from and after the date on which the order comes into operation, references in Part V of the Act of 1878 and in section nineteen of the Weights and Measures Act, 1889, to persons holding any particular offices in or to members of the Royal Irish Constabulary shall, in the application of those enactments to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to the prescribed officers or to the persons selected in the prescribed manner from the prescribed class, as the case may require, and subject to the approval of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland, provision may be made by the order with respect to the manner in which fees taken by ex-officio inspectors of weights and measures in Northern Ireland after the date on which the order comes into operation are to be applied.

(2) An order made under this Article may be revoked, varied or amended by a subsequent order so made.

(3) In this Article the expression "prescribed" means prescribed by an order made by the Ministry thereunder.

13. Nothing in this Part of this Order shall be taken as affecting or authorising any change in the standard of weights and measures, or as affecting any other matter with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has not power to make laws.

PART IV.

MONEY-LENDERS ACTS.

14. In the application to Northern Ireland of the Money-lenders Acts, 1900 and 1911:—

(a) References to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue and to the Board of Trade shall be construed as references to the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland:

(b) The reference to Ireland shall be construed as a reference to Northern Ireland.

15. The Regulations made by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue under the said Acts and in force immediately before the appointed day shall continue in force in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if they had been made under the said Acts as applying to Northern Ireland, and the Regulations made by the Treasury under section three of the Public Offices Fees Act, 1879, with respect to fees under the said Acts and in force immediately before the appointed day shall continue in force in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if they had been made under the said Act as applying to Northern Ireland and with respect to fees chargeable under the said Acts in Northern Ireland:

Provided that—

(a) In the application to Northern Ireland of the Regulations made by the Board of Trade under section six of the Money-lenders Act, 1900, and dated the 25th day of October, 1900—

(i) References to the Board of Trade shall be construed as references to the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland;

(ii) In Article 7 the reference to the Office provided by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall be construed as a

reference to the office provided by the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland;

(iii) The words "to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue" in Article 10 shall cease to have effect.

(b) The Office for the registration of money-lenders carrying on business in Northern Ireland shall be the office in Belfast of the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland, and the provision with respect to the forwarding of copies of registration returns to the proper collector of customs and excise shall not apply, and collectors of customs and excise who on the appointed day have in their possession any such copies shall deal with them in such manner as the Ministry may direct.

16.—(1) For the purpose of forming a register of persons carrying on business as money-lenders in Northern Ireland, the Commissioners of Inland Revenue shall separate from the register of money-lenders kept in Dublin so much thereof as at the appointed day relates to those persons, or, if such separation is not physically possible, shall cause a copy to be made as at the appointed day of so much of the register.

(2) The part of the register so separated, or the copy so made, as the case may be, shall be transmitted by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue to the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland, together with any documents deposited or filed with the Commissioners which relate to such persons as aforesaid, and the part or copy so sent shall, as respects those persons, become the register as at the appointed day of money-lenders in Northern Ireland.

(3) If for any reason no register of money-lenders in Ireland exists on the appointed day and accordingly the part thereof or the copy of the part thereof cannot be transmitted as aforesaid, the Ministry of Commerce for Northern Ireland shall cause a register of the persons carrying on business as money-lenders in Northern Ireland to be compiled in such manner as the Ministry think fit.

PART V.

TRADE BOARD ACTS.

17. In this Part of this Order "the Acts" means the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918.

18. Any Trade Board constituted under the Acts before the appointed day shall, if established for the United Kingdom, be deemed to have been established for the United Kingdom exclusive of Northern Ireland, and if established for Ireland shall be deemed to have been established for Southern Ireland, and the reference to Ireland in section two of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, shall be construed as a reference to Southern Ireland.

19. Any notice of intention to make an order applying the Acts to a trade published by the Minister of Labour before the appointed day shall, for the purposes of the Acts as they apply to Northern Ireland, continue in force as though it had been published by the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland.

20. Any minimum rate fixed under the Acts which is on the appointed day in force and applicable to any trade in Northern Ireland, shall, unless and until—

(a) it is varied or cancelled by a Trade Board established for that trade in Northern

Ireland, and, in the case of a rate other than a special minimum piece-rate, the variation or cancellation has become effective by virtue of an order made by the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland; or

(b) the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland by special order in accordance with the Acts withdraw that trade from the operation of the Acts;

continue in force as though it had been fixed by a Trade Board for Northern Ireland, and any action taken before the appointed day by any Trade Board with reference to, or in connection with, any such rate or any proposed rate, or any rate fixed but not confirmed, which is applicable to a trade in Northern Ireland shall have effect as though it had been taken by a Trade Board established after the appointed day for Northern Ireland.

21. Any action taken before the appointed day by any Trade Board with reference to or in connection with any rate, or any proposed rate, or any rate fixed but not confirmed, which is applicable to a trade in Southern Ireland shall have effect as though it had been taken by a Trade Board established after the appointed day for Southern Ireland.

22. Any regulations made by the Minister of Labour under section eleven of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, with respect to the constitution and procedure of a Trade Board shall cease to have effect in Northern Ireland.

23. The Trade Boards Act, 1909, in its application to Northern Ireland, shall have effect as though for the words "such of the appointed members of Trade Boards" in sub-section (2) of section thirteen there were substituted the words "such one or more of the appointed members of Trade Boards," and so much of the said sub-section as requires that in certain cases one of the appointed members acting shall be a woman shall not apply.

PART VI.

ACTS RELATING TO AGRICULTURE.

24. This Part of this Order applies to the Agriculture and Technical Instruction (Ireland) Act, 1899 (hereinafter referred to as the "Act of 1899"), and the Agriculture and Technical Instruction (Ireland) (No. 2) Act, 1902, but the adaptations effected by this Part of this Order shall not apply to the said enactments so far as they relate to technical instruction, science or art, or any matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland have not power to make laws.

25.—(1) The Act of 1899 in its application to Northern Ireland shall be subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) References to the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, other than references in sections two and twenty-nine of the Act of 1899, shall be construed as references to the Ministry of Agriculture for Northern Ireland;

(b) In section thirty the definition of the expression "the purposes of agriculture and other rural industries" shall be construed as if the words "inland fisheries" were omitted;

(c) Sections one, four, six to nine, eleven, twelve, fifteen and sixteen, sub-section (2) of section seventeen, sections twenty to twenty-four, section twenty-seven, and (except so far as it relates to rules and regula-

tions) section twenty-eight shall cease to have effect.

(2) The Agriculture and Technical Instruction (Ireland) (No. 2) Act, 1902, shall cease to have effect.

PART VII.

LAND LAW (IRELAND) ACTS.

26. In this Part of this Order "the Acts" means the Land Law (Ireland) Acts as defined in the Irish Land Act, 1909.

27. In the application of the Acts to Northern Ireland references to the Irish Land Commission, where they occur in relation to functions which under or in pursuance of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, are transferred as respects Northern Ireland to any department of the Government of Northern Ireland, shall be construed as references to that department, and references to sub-commissions or to commissioners, or assistant commissioners, or other officers of the Irish Land Commission, where they occur in relation to such functions, shall be construed respectively as references to any person or body of persons appointed or assigned by the Government of Northern Ireland for the discharge of corresponding functions in Northern Ireland.

28. In any proceeding under the Acts which relates to land in Northern Ireland and is pending before the Land Commission or a sub-commission on the appointed day, if the hearing has been concluded but an adjudication has not been made before that day, the adjudication may be made on or after that day, and if so made shall have the like validity and effect as if it had been made on the conclusion of the hearing.

PART VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS ENACTMENTS.

29. The Tramways (Ireland) Acts, 1860 to 1900, shall, in their application to Northern Ireland, in so far as they relate to matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has power to make laws, have effect subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) The reference in section fourteen of the Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860 to the Clerk of the Parliaments shall be construed as a reference to the Speaker of the Senate of Northern Ireland;

(b) In section twenty and paragraph (3) of Part I of Schedule A of the said Act, references to Dublin shall be construed as references to Belfast;

(c) The reference in section forty-six of the said Act to the Inspector-General of Constabulary shall, so far as respects any constabulary force under the control and management of the Government of Northern Ireland, be construed as a reference to the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland.

30. The Electricity (Supply) Act, 1919, shall, in its application to Northern Ireland, have effect as if the number of electricity commissioners was not less than two and as if sub-sections (3) and (4) of section one of that Act were omitted therefrom.

31. In the application to Northern Ireland of the Gas and Water Works Facilities Act, 1870,—

(a) References to Ireland shall be construed as references to Northern Ireland;

(b) The reference to London in paragraph (1) of Part I of Schedule B shall be construed as a reference to Belfast.

32. In the application of section four of the Census of Production Act, 1906, to the United Kingdom exclusive of Northern Ireland a reference to Southern Ireland shall be substituted for the reference to Ireland, and in the application of the said section to Northern Ireland so much thereof as requires the inclusion in the summary of separate statements shall not apply.

33. In the application to Northern Ireland of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, the reference in section seventy-three to the Home Office, London, shall be construed as a reference to the Office of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland in Belfast, and the reference in section one hundred and eighteen to an office in London shall be construed as a reference to an office in Belfast.

34. In the Anthrax Prevention Act, 1919, and in the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1920, references to His Majesty and Orders in Council shall, in the application of those Acts to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to the Lord Lieutenant and Orders of the Lord Lieutenant in Council respectively.

35. The enactments relating to banks and bank notes in Ireland shall have effect subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) In the application of the said enactments to Northern Ireland, references to Ireland shall be construed as references to Northern Ireland, references to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue or their predecessors shall be construed as references to the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland, and references to the Stamp Office in Dublin or to any other office of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue or their predecessors shall be construed as references to the chief office of the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland for the purposes of inland revenue;

(b) The references to Great Britain in sections five, twelve and thirteen of the Bankers (Ireland) Act, 1825, and in section thirty-five of the Revenue (No. 2) Act, 1861, and the reference to England in section fifteen of the Bankers (Ireland) Act, 1825, shall be construed as including a reference to Southern Ireland:

Provided that nothing in the foregoing provision shall be taken as affecting any provisions in the said enactments for prohibiting or restricting the issue of bank notes in Ireland or relating to returns as to the bank notes of Irish banks in circulation, or any provisions connected with any of the foregoing matters or relating to matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has not power to make laws.

36.—(1) For the purposes of the Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation) Act, 1919, there shall be a separate Reference Committee for Northern Ireland and a separate panel of official arbitrators for Northern Ireland, and that Act shall have effect accordingly.

(2) The Reference Committee for Northern Ireland shall consist of the Lord Chief Justice of Northern Ireland and the President of the Surveyors' Institution or (if the President of the Surveyors' Institution thinks fit) a person, being a member of the Council of that In-

stitution and having special knowledge of valuation of land in Northern Ireland, appointed by him to act in his place.

37.—(1) The Evidence (Colonial Statutes) Act, 1907, shall have effect as if Northern Ireland were a British possession within the meaning of that Act, and copies of Acts passed by the Parliament of Northern Ireland and of instruments issued or made under the authority of any such Act, if purporting to be printed by the officer appointed to print the Acts of the Parliament of Northern Ireland, shall (whether passed or issued or made, before or after the date of this Order) be received in evidence by all courts in the United Kingdom exclusive of Northern Ireland accordingly.

(2) The Documentary Evidence Act, 1868, as amended by the Documentary Evidence Act, 1882, shall have effect as if—

(a) any department of the Government of Northern Ireland to which that Act has been applied by an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland were included in the first column of the Schedule to the first mentioned Act;

(b) the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of any such department were named in the second column of that Schedule as a certifying officer; and

(c) the expression "Gazette" included the Belfast Gazette.

38. References in any enactment to the King's Printer or to the Government Printer shall, in the application of that enactment to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to the officer appointed to print the Acts of the Parliament of Northern Ireland, and any documents printed under the superintendence or authority of that officer shall, for the purpose of being admitted in evidence or for any other purpose, be treated as if they had been printed by that officer.

39. For the purpose of its application in relation to election petitions in Northern Ireland, sub-section (3) of section ninety-two of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, shall have effect as though the words "or which is included in a circuit of Her Majesty's judges on which he practises as a barrister" were omitted therefrom.

PART IX.

ENACTMENTS RELATING TO EXCEPTED AND RESERVED MATTERS.

40. The enactments hereinafter in this Article mentioned shall, in their application to Northern Ireland, have effect subject to the following adaptations respectively:—

(a) In section six of the Sale of Offices Act, 1809, the reference to Dublin shall, so far as relates to offences committed in Northern Ireland, be construed as a reference to Belfast:

(b) As from the date on which the office of Chief Secretary ceases to exist, the references to the Chief Secretary in section 108A and sub-section (1) of section one hundred and fifteen of the Army Act, and in sub-section (4) of section fifty-three of the Militia Act, 1882, shall be construed as references to a Secretary of State or an officer appointed by a Secretary of State to act for the purposes of those sections respectively; and references to the Under-Secretary in any of the enactments aforesaid shall not apply:

(c) In the Jurisdiction in Homicides Acts, 1862, references to Ireland shall be construed as references to Northern Ireland, references to the City of Dublin shall be construed as references to the City of Belfast, references to the Richmond Bridewell shall be construed as references to His Majesty's Prison in the City of Belfast, and references to the County of Dublin shall not apply:

(d) The references to Ireland in section two of the Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages (Army) Act, 1879, in paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) of section twenty-one of the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, and in sub-section (4) of section one of the Sailors and Soldiers (Gifts for Land Settlement) Act, 1916, shall be construed as references to Northern Ireland:

(e) Section one hundred and eighty-five of the Army Act shall not apply and in lieu thereof the following provision shall have effect:—

“The jurisdiction and powers of the Secretary of State under the Army Act with respect to military convicts or military prisoners, or to prisons other than military prisons, shall extend to Northern Ireland, but shall be exercised only subject to the approval of the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland”:

(f) The reference to the Dublin Gazette in sub-section (6) of section fifty-three of the Militia Act, 1882, shall be construed as a reference to the Belfast Gazette:

(g) The reference in paragraph (2) of section twenty-six of the Military Lands Act, 1892, to the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland shall be construed as a reference to the authority for the time being performing the functions formerly performed by the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland in relation to Royal Parks in Ireland:

(h) The reference in paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) of section twenty-one of the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, to the place appointed in Dublin for the deposit of original wills brought into the High Court in Ireland shall be construed as a reference to the place appointed in Belfast for the deposit of original wills brought into the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland;

(i) The reference in sub-section (4) of section one of the Sailors and Soldiers (Gifts for Land Settlement) Act, 1916, to the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland shall be construed as a reference to a Secretary of State, and section six of the Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919, shall not apply:

(j) The reference in section sixteen of the Defence of the Realm (Acquisition of Land) Act, 1916, to the Local Government Board for Ireland shall be construed as a reference to the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland.

41. The power of making regulations conferred on the Local Government Board for Ireland by sections one hundred and forty-eight and one hundred and forty-nine of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as extended by the Public Health Act, 1896, and the Public Health (Regulations as to Food) Act, 1907, shall, so far as the matters to which the regulations relate are matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has no power to

make laws, be exercisable as respects Northern Ireland by a Secretary of State after consultation with the appropriate Ministry for Northern Ireland.

42. Where by any Act relating to the supply of electricity or any Order having the force of an Act and relating to such supply, or under any provision in the Telegraph Acts, 1863 to 1920, any powers or duties are conferred or imposed on the Minister of Transport in connection with the property powers or rights of the Postmaster-General, those powers or duties of the Minister of Transport (including any powers relating to the settlement of disputes or differences) shall continue to be exercisable or performed by that Minister, notwithstanding anything in any Order providing for the application of enactments to Northern Ireland.

43. The expression “other department of His Majesty's Government” in section forty-eight of the Telegraph Act, 1863, and section seventeen of the Telegraph Act, 1868; shall include any department of the Government of Northern Ireland, references in the Telegraph Act, 1878, to an Act of Parliament shall be construed as including references to an Act of the Parliament of Southern Ireland or Northern Ireland and to Orders of the Council of Ireland, and the reference in section ten of the Savings Banks Act, 1887, to the Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for Ireland shall be construed as a reference to the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland.

Almeric FitzRoy.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

BRUSH AND BROOM TRADE BOARD (IRELAND).

THE Trade Board established under the Trade Boards Act, 1918, for the Brush and Broom Trade in Ireland, as specified in the Trade Boards (Brush and Broom) Order, 1919, have given notice that they have fixed General Minimum Piece-Rates and Overtime Rates for a certain class of Male Workers, in accordance with their proposal to fix such Rates dated 23rd September, 1921.

The Trade Board have further given notice that they have received notification from the Minister of Labour that he has made an Order dated 24th December, 1921, confirming the Minimum Rates as fixed by the Trade Board and specifying 2nd January, 1922, as the date from which such Minimum Rates shall become effective.

On application to the Trade Board particulars of the Minimum Rates will be given, if, in the opinion of the Trade Board, the application is likely to be affected thereby.

Dated this Thirty-first day of December, 1921.

R. R. Bowman, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
21 Parliament Street, Dublin.

TRADE BOARD ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE BOARD (IRELAND).

THE Trade Board established in Ireland under the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918,

for that Branch of the Trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919, which is covered by the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour and dated 24th April, 1920, with respect to the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade, have given notice that they have varied and fixed Minimum Rates of Wages for certain classes of Male and Female Workers in accordance with their proposal to vary and fix such rates dated 10th October, 1921.

The Trade Board have further given notice that they have received notification from the Minister of Labour that he has made an Order dated 24th December, 1921, under Section 4 (2) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, confirming the Minimum Rates as varied and fixed by the Trade Board and specifying 2nd January, 1922, as the date from which such Minimum Rates shall become effective.

On application to the Trade Board, further information will be given as to the Minimum Rates, if, in the opinion of the Trade Board, the applicant is likely to be affected thereby.

Dated this Thirty-first day of December, 1921.

R. R. Bowman, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
21 Parliament Street, Dublin

In the Matter of the Companies' Acts, 1908 and 1917; and

THOMAS PULLMAN AND COMPANY,
LIMITED.

(IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies Act, 1908, a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Craig, Gardner and Co., 53 Donegall Place, in the city of Belfast, on Wednesday, the 8th February, 1922, at Eleven o'clock, for the purpose of having laid before them an account showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property disposed of, and to hear any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator.

Dated this 31st day of December, 1921.

Edward Buckley, Liquidator.

In the Matter of

VICTORIA COLLEGE, LIMITED.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened and held at Coates Buildings, Castle Street, in the City of Belfast, on the 29th day of November, 1921, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 21st day of December, 1921, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed:—

1.

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Mr. Edward Bailey,

of Coates Buildings, in the City of Belfast, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of the winding-up."

2.

"That when the new Company which is proposed to be formed under the name of Victoria College, Belfast, is incorporated, and makes provision to the satisfaction of the Liquidator for the discharge of the liabilities and obligations of this Company and the costs and expenses of the winding-up of this Company, the Liquidator be and he is hereby instructed to convey and transfer to the said new Company all the property and assets of this Company and to appoint the said new Company Trustee of any funds or property now held by or vested in this Company as Trustee, and to vest such funds and property in the said new Company upon and subject to the trusts affecting same."

Dated this 23rd day of December, 1921.

Kenneth D. L. Sinclair, Chairman.

Witness:—

Robt. Wallace, 51 Royal Avenue,
Belfast, Solr.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.

ESTATES COMMISSIONERS.

Record No. E.C. 7710.

Estate of SIR JOHN LESLIE, Baronet, continued in the name of Colonel John Leslie, now Sir John Leslie, as successor in title of the said Sir John Leslie, deceased.

Counties Monaghan and Tyrone.

TAKE Notice that the said Sir John Leslie, claiming as successor in title as aforesaid, is proceeding to sell his estate in the barony of Trough, and county of Monaghan, and at Ballynapottoge and Drumslaghy, both in the barony of Dungannon Lower, and county of Tyrone, to the tenants thereof and other persons, in fee-simple, reserving out of the lands of Knocknakirwan, portion of said estate for sale, to Clotworthy, Viscount Massereene, his heirs and assigns, or other the person or persons entitled thereto, his or their heirs and assigns, the mineral rights and concurrent sporting rights in so far as the same are accepted and reserved in and by a lease for lives renewable for ever, dated 1st May, 1749, from the said Clotworthy, Viscount Massereene to Baptist Johnston, or in and by any superior grant or lease affecting the said lands of Knocknakirwan, and also reserving out of the residue of the said estate to the Irish Land Commission the exclusive right of mining and taking minerals and digging and searching for minerals. And further take notice that the Land Commission intend, without any further investigation of title, within fourteen days from this date, unless some valid reason is shown in the meantime why they should not do so, to deal with the said Sir John Leslie as the owner of the said lands for all purposes other than the distribution of the purchase money or the payment of any percentage out of the Land Purchase Aid

Fund established under the Irish Land Act, 1903.

(Signed), S. RICE.

By Order of the Estates Commissioners.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1922.

N.B.—Any person interested in the Estate will, on application at the Office of the Estates Commissioners, be furnished with information as to the amount of the purchase money of the several holdings on the estate.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of JAMES FITZSIMONS, late of Tullyratty in the county of Down, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statutes 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the above-named deceased, by his Will dated the 24th day of December, 1918, made the following charitable bequests:—Testator bequeathed his farm in Tullyratty aforesaid, to his nephews, John M'Keating and James M'Keating, in equal shares as tenants in common, subject to the payment by them during their joint lives and the life of the survivor of a yearly sum of £5 to the Parish Priest for the time being of the parish of Saul, to have Masses celebrated in Ireland for the repose of his soul and the souls of his deceased relatives; to the Reverend Bernard M'Garry, P.P., Saul, or whoever should be Parish Priest of Saul at the time of Testator's death, £50 to have Masses celebrated in Ireland for the purpose above-mentioned; to the Reverend Daniel Darragh, C.C., Ballycruttie, or whoever should be Catholic Curate of the parish of Saul and Ballycruttie at the time of Testator's death, £50 to have Masses celebrated in Ireland for the purpose above-mentioned. Testator died on the 17th day of October, 1921, and Probate of said Will was, on the 25th day of November, 1921, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, to William Watterson, of Audleystown, Farmer, and Michael Jerome Johnston, of Downpatrick, Solicitor, both in the county of Down, the Executors therein named.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1921.

JOHNSTON AND M'COURT, Solicitors for said Executors, 34 Lower Ormond Quay, Dublin; and Downpatrick.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests (Ireland), and all others whom it may concern.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of WILLIAM THOMPSON, late of 18 Monaghan Street, Newry, in the county of Down, retired Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Statute 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the above-named deceased, by his Will dated the 4th day of May, 1921, left and bequeathed to the Session for the time being of the Reformed Presbyterian (Riverside) Church in Newry the sum of £100, to be applied by them for the benefit of the said Church as they in their discretion might consider right and necessary. And on the happening of the events thereafter mentioned Testator by his said Will left and bequeathed to the said Session for the time being of the said Reformed Presbyterian (Riverside) Church in Newry the further sum of £50, to be applied by them for the benefit of the said Church as they in their discretion might deem prudent. Testator died on the 10th day of June, 1921, and Probate of said Will was, on the 7th day of December, 1921, granted to Robert Adams, of Margaret Street, Newry, Draper, and William Jamison, of Merchant's Quay, Newry, both in the county of Down, two of the Executors named in said Will (Abraham Sinclair, one other Executor therein named, having duly renounced his right to Probate) forth

of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1921.

T. SHILLINGTON, Solicitor for said Executors, 2 Wellington Place, Belfast; and Newry.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of ANDREW NEILL MORROW, late of 41 Violet Street, in the County Borough of Londonderry, retired Merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to 30 and 31 Victoria, chapter 54, that the above deceased by his Will dated the 15th day of March, 1921, with one Codicil dated the 8th day of October, 1921, left and bequeathed to the Select Vestry of Drumachose Parish Church, Limavady, the sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be invested by them and the income thereof to be paid to the Rector of said Parish, or failing a Rector of said Parish to the Clergyman in charge of the said Parish for the time being, over and above all income which such Rector or Clergyman in charge shall be entitled to receive from the Parish or the Representative Church Body. To the Select Vestry of Glendermott Parish Church the sum of One hundred pounds, to be invested by them and the income thereof to be paid to the Rector of said Parish, or failing a Rector of said Parish to the Clergyman in charge of the said Parish for the time being, over and above all income which such Rector or Clergyman in charge shall be entitled to receive from the Parish or Representative Church Body. To the Session and Committee of the Waterside Presbyterian Church, Londonderry, of which the Reverend Doctor J. Stewart is the Clergyman, the sum of One hundred pounds, to be invested by them and the income thereof to be paid to the Stipend of the Clergyman of the said Presbyterian Church in addition to the Stipend which the Clergyman thereof shall be entitled to receive from said Congregation. Testator also bequeathed all the rest, residue, and remainder of his monies when converted and called in, as to one half thereof to the Londonderry Protestant Orphan Society, and as to the other half thereof to the Presbyterian Orphan Society. The receipt of the Treasurer for the time being of the said respective churches and of the said Societies to be a sufficient discharge to his Executors.

The said Testator died on the 30th day of October, 1921, and Probate of his Will and Codicil was, on the 22nd day of December, 1921, granted forth of the District Registry at Londonderry, King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, to William Conly, of Station House, Limavady, Station Master, and Patrick M'Keague, of Linenhall Street, Limavady, Merchant, both in the county of Londonderry, the Executors named in said Will and Codicil.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1922.

WILLIAM J. G. SEEDS, Solicitor for said Executors, Limavady.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland and all others concerned.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of ISABELLA MARGARET DEEHAN, late of Carnkelly, Eglinton, in the county of Londonderry; Spinster, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors of, or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the estate or assets of the above deceased, who died on the 26th day of June, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 31st day of January, 1922, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors named in the Will dated 7th day of June, 1921, of the said deceased, to whom

Probate of said Will was granted on the 21st day of December, 1921, forth of the District Registry at Londonderry, King's Bench Division (Probate) in the High Court of Justice in Ireland. And Notice is further given, that after the said 31st day of January, 1922, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated the 22nd day of December, 1921,

WILLIAM J. G. SEEDS, Solicitor, Limavady; and 52 Upper Arthur Street, Belfast.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership business which has for some time past been carried on by us the undersigned, Thomas Lindsay Moodie and James Edgar Dickson, as Export and Import Merchants, at 17 North Street, Belfast, under the firm of T. Lindsay Moodie & Co., was on the 31st day of December, 1921, dissolved by mutual consent. The said Thomas Lindsay Moodie on that day retired from the said business. All debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said James Edgar Dickson, who will continue to carry on the said business at the above address under the name of "Dickson & Co." As Witness our hands this 4th day of January one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

Signed, T. LINDSAY MOODIE.
J. EDGAR DICKSON.

Signed by the said Thomas Lindsay Moodie and James Edgar Dickson in presence of—

Samuel MacKeown, 51 Royal Avenue, Belfast, Solicitor.

CARSON AND M'DOWELL, Solicitors,
51 Royal Avenue, Belfast.

Advertisement of Petition.

1922. No. 4.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

COMPANIES (WINDING UP) CHANCERY DIVISION.

In the matter of The Companies (Consolidation) Acts, 1908 to 1917, and in the matter of R. AND A. M'VICKER, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Petition for the winding up of the above-named Company was on the 5th day of January, 1922, presented to Mr. Justice Wilson, of Northern Ireland, by John Gilmer M'Vicker, of Crawford Square, Londonderry, in the County of the City of Londonderry, a shareholder, director, and contributory of the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before Mr. Justice Wilson on the 24th day of January, 1922, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose, and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 5th day of January, 1922.

CALDWELL AND ROBINSON, Solicitors for the said Petitioner, John Gilmer M'Vicker, 2 Arthur Street, Belfast, and Castle Street, Londonderry.

The Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.

Extraordinary Resolutions of

THE ULSTER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED,

Passed 28th December, 1921.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly

convened and held at 86 Ann Street, Belfast, on the 28th December, 1921, the following Extraordinary Resolutions were unanimously passed:—

RESOLUTIONS.

1. "That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that it cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind same up, and that same be wound up voluntarily."
2. "That John Magowan, of 5 Bedford Street, Belfast, be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

FRED S. ROSS, Chairman.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY.

John M'Comb, of 32 Berry Street, Belfast, in the county of the city of Belfast, Confectioner and Tobacconist, was on the 23rd day of December, 1921, adjudged Bankrupt.

PUBLIC Sittings will be held at the Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on FRIDAY, the 20th day of JANUARY, 1922, and on FRIDAY, the 27th day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of Eleven o'clock forenoon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.

All Persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt must deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt must be paid, to Major F. G. Hill, O.B.E., Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ARTHUR J. WEIR,
Acting Assistant Registrar.

GEORGE MILDOWIE AND SONS,
Solicitors having carriage, 26 Corn Market, Belfast.

THE BANKRUPTCY (IRELAND) AMENDMENT ACT, 1872.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY.

Patrick Joseph Henry, of "Sunbury," St. James' Park, in the county of the city of Belfast, Housefurnisher, was on the 28th day of December, 1921, adjudged Bankrupt.

PUBLIC Sittings will be held at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on FRIDAY, the 20th day of JANUARY, 1922, and on FRIDAY, the 27th day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.

All Persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt must deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt must be paid, to Major F. G. Hill, O.B.E., Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ARTHUR J. WEIR,
Acting Registrar.

DANIEL NEESON, Solicitor, 105 Royal Avenue, Belfast.

IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY COURT.

In the Matter of JOSEPH ROBINSON, of 176 Albert-bridge Road, in the city of Belfast, Boot and Shoemaker, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting will be held before the Court, at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of 11 in the forenoon, to Audit the Assignees' Account and make a final dividend in this matter.

Dated this 5th day of January, 1922.

ROBERT W. M'GONIGAL,
Deputy Registrar.

G. G. HILL, O.B.E. (Major) Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast.

GEORGE MARTIN, Solicitor for the Assignees, 44 Royal Avenue, Belfast.

THE BANKRUPTCY (IRELAND) AMENDMENT ACT, 1872.

THE LOCAL BANKRUPTCY (IRELAND) ACT, 1888.

IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY COURT.

Dominic Marcella, of 154 York Street, in the county of the city of Belfast, Confectioner, was on the 28th day of December, 1921, adjudged Bankrupt.

PUBLIC Sittings will be held at the Local Bankruptcy Court, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of JANUARY, 1922, and on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.

All Persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt must deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt must be paid, to Major F. G. Hill, Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ARTHUR J. WEIR,
Local Registrar.

P. M'GINN, Solicitor.

THE BANKRUPTCY (IRELAND) AMENDMENT ACT, 1872.

THE LOCAL BANKRUPTCY (IRELAND) ACT, 1888.

IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY COURT.

Robert G. Weir, of 51 Bow Street, Lisburn, in the county of Antrim, Watchmaker and Jeweller, was on the 3rd day of January, 1922, adjudged Bankrupt.

PUBLIC Sittings will be held at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of JANUARY, 1922, and on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination. All Persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt must deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt must be paid, to Major F. G. Hill, O.B.E., Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ARTHUR J. WEIR,
Local Registrar.

DAVID M'GONIGAL AND SONS,
Solicitors, 2 Rosemary Street, Belfast.

Printed by W. & G. BAIRD, LIMITED, Royal Avenue, Belfast, under the Authority of the CONTROLLER OF H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE, being the Officer appointed to print the Acts of the PARLIAMENT OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

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Friday, January 6, 1922.

Price One Shilling Net.

